

THE DAILY BEE.

Published every morning. Terms of subscription: Daily (Morning Edition) including Sunday...

The Bee Publishing Company, Proprietors. E. ROSEWATER, Editor.

Sworn Statement of Circulation.

Table showing circulation statistics for the week ending May 25, 1888, with columns for date and circulation count.

From to and subscribed in my presence this 25th day of May, A. D. 1888, N. P. FELL, Notary Public.

State of Nebraska, County of Douglas, Geo. B. Tschuck, being first duly sworn, deposes and says that he is secretary of the Bee Publishing Company...

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AVERAGE DAILY CIRCULATION 18,128

The first round of drinks has gone down at St. Louis. The California delegates just arrived.

Will the heart of the Chicago convention be in the Highlands? asks a contemporary. Probably it will, if Blaine is there, but its vote will have to go to somebody else.

No wonder Henry Villard don't think that he is sitting out a German expedition to the south pole. That is not the kind of a magnet to draw Villard, so long as the Northern Pacific attracts him.

The Mississippi river is again on a rampage in Illinois and Wisconsin. If the father of waters behaves in that style he will be taken in hand and severely spanked as an unruly, overgrown boy.

DURING Mr. Blaine's absence in Europe some fellow secretly entered his house at Augusta, Me., and overhauled his private papers. This smart trick to find anything of a compromising character has been nipped in the bud, and mud-slingers will now be obliged to nose around in other quarters.

When Buffalo Bill was asked by a New York reporter about the best way to civilize the Indian, Colonel Cody said with pride: "The 'Wild West' show has been the most successful school for civilizing the Indians." It is a poor showman who does not crack up his own ring.

It is safe to say that Mayor Hewitt of New York city was the only official in the length and breadth of the northern states who did not take some part in the memorial observances. The mayor and the Grand Army have been at odds for some time, but it was generally supposed that Mr. Hewitt was too big a man to slight Decoration day on account of pique.

The laying of the last rail of the Northern Pacific railroad tunnel through the Cascade mountains in Washington territory completes one of the greatest engineering feats of the present day. The tunnel itself was finished a few weeks ago after two years' work. Next to the Hoosac tunnel it is the longest tunnel in the United States, being almost two miles in length. The tunnel is of incalculable value to the people of Oregon and Washington territory, as it facilitates that intercourse which heretofore has been conducted with great difficulty.

CHICAGO among its other woes is just now passing through a crisis in which the saloon question plays a prominent part. The respectable people of that city, aided by the newspapers, are arrayed against the saloon element, the aldermen and the politicians. A resolution was passed by the aldermen permitting saloons to be run in close proximity to school houses and churches. This action has aroused the indignation of the church people, who are pleading with Mayor Roche to veto the obnoxious ordinance. But the mayor is between the devil and the deep sea. If he ignores the appeal he is derelict in his duty, but if he vetoes the ordinance he imperils his chances for re-election. This would be an opportune time for the mayor to go a-fishing.

It is a matter of great moment to northern Nebraska that the Illinois Central has already taken initiatory steps toward extending its system through the tier of counties from Dakota to Sioux. Articles of incorporation were filed a day or two ago with the secretary of state at Lincoln for such a road, to be called the Nebraska & Western. As the Illinois Central has its western terminus at Sioux City there is but little doubt that the proposed line is to be built under the patronage of that road. It is of course impossible to say when actual building operations will begin, but the indications point very strongly that the work will be pushed through at an early day. There is a rivalry between the Santa Fe, which is coming into Nebraska from Kansas, and the Illinois Central as to which road shall reach the Black Hills first. As yet the Santa Fe has not definitely outlined its policy, but it cannot fold its hands while the Illinois Central is pushing ahead to outstrip its rival in the race.

A Glance at the Field. Now that Mr. Blaine must be put wholly out of consideration as a possible candidate of the republican party for the presidency, there will be greater interest in looking over the field and estimating the chances of other men more or less likely to secure the nomination. Until Mr. Blaine's last letter there was no very great amount of satisfaction in doing this, owing to the overshadowing probability that he could have secured the nomination if he desired it. With this entirely and decisively brushed away, it is worth while to see how the other possible candidates stand and consider their prospects.

The list of these candidates is not so large as it was a month or two ago. Several gentlemen who enjoyed some prominence then have been dropped, having failed to develop anything more than a local interest and following. They may be heard of in the convention, but it will be a merely complimentary mention. Of those who remain in the list some have not shown any growth, if they have not had the misfortune to lose ground. As the situation is now presented, Senator Sherman will probably lead in the number of supporters in the national convention, but there is a very general opinion that he cannot hold the support after the first few ballots. Under existing conditions Ohio ought to be expected to do some very vigorous work for its distinguished citizen, and if the democrats should nominate Thurman for the vice presidency it would seem that that must help the chances of Sherman. But the fact is apparent that he has not been gaining, and that the popular interest for the Ohio man is less today than it was two months ago. It does not seem probable that it will experience any considerable revival between now and the meeting of the convention, the danger which the friends of Mr. Sherman have to fear being rather that it will diminish, by reason of the growing interest in other candidates. Mr. Allison has made even less progress than Mr. Sherman. His friends profess to believe that he will secure a great deal of the Blaine support as the natural legate of that leader, but this is very far from assured. There are one or two others who could urge quite as good a claim in this respect as the Iowa statesman, and it is intimated that the last aspirant to enter the list of possible candidates—ex-Governor Alger of Michigan—is the man most likely to receive the largest share of the support of the Blaine element. Alger will be enthusiastically supported by his own state, he is very well thought of on the Pacific coast, and with the promise now held out of some eastern support he may make a much better showing in the convention than was thought possible when his name was first mentioned. He has a good military and political record, is personally very popular, and is a man of wealth, so that his pretensions as a possible candidate are by no means to be depreciated. General Harrison holds the Indiana delegation firmly in his grasp, but so far as appears that is all he has to go on. He has made no progress since his state endorsed him, and figures very little in the popular attention. The man who will undoubtedly rank second in the voting of the national convention at the outset is Judge Gresham, and it would not be surprising if the situation so changed by the time of the meeting of the convention as to place him in the lead. His growth in popular interest and favor since he was made the candidate of Illinois has been very rapid and very solid. The discussion of his claims and his availability has been all to his advantage with the people, whatever the effect may have been upon the politicians. To all appearances he is by far the strongest man with the republicans of the west and northwest, who will exert a powerful influence in the convention, while he is referred to in very friendly terms in New York and New England. Illinois will spare no effort to secure his nomination, and it is not doubted that as soon as Indiana shall become convinced that there is no chance for her favorite son, the delegation will give its unanimous support to her other son, and pledge him an equally earnest and enthusiastic republican support in that state. So far as the republican press of the country reflects the sentiment of the party, there is no serious objection anywhere to Gresham, and measuring his chances with those of the other possible candidates we have referred to, they certainly appear to present to be the most promising.

We take it that one of the five distinguished republicans we have named will be chosen as the standard-bearer of the party this year, and as the situation now appears the probabilities most strongly favor Gresham and Alger. We do not expect any surprises at the Chicago convention. The controlling minds of that body will, we think, be fully impressed with the responsibility that rests upon it to act with the utmost care and deliberation, and not to yield to the influence of impulse or passion. This, at all events, is what the great body of the party expects of it, and at no time in the history of the party has there been greater reason or necessity than now exist for its representatives in national convention to take counsel of the wish of the rank and file and give heed to it.

A Non-Partisan Board.

Elsewhere will be found a call for a meeting of citizens this evening to take action for placing before the school board both of the political parties have determined to present for the suffrages of the people partisan candidates—one of the parties in the usual way, and the other by the extraordinary method of allowing an individual to name the candidates. The caucus will very likely do no better than the individual in the character of the selections, and the motive actuating both will be the same. The people must defeat both if they would save the public schools from inevitable injury.

The movement for a non-partisan school board is justified by every consideration affecting the interests and welfare of the public school system.

Every fair-minded man must see that if the schools are made a bone of contention between the political parties at every recurring election the effect must be demoralization and deterioration. No greater evil could befall the public schools than that they should become a football of the politicians. To keep the system of public education free from all partisan action or political control is in the opinion of every wise and experienced friend of the system absolutely essential to its proper growth and the attainment of the highest efficiency and value. It cannot improve and advance under the influence of the devices and methods that belong to politics. The principle to be distinctly marked out and maintained is that under no circumstances shall politics have the least consideration in the administration of the affairs of the public schools.

It is to be put in effect these just views and essential principles that the meeting to nominate non-partisan candidates for the school board has been called. Every parent who desires that our schools shall not be drawn into the political machine, and the power and influence of the board be used for partisan purposes and the personal advantage of politicians, should attend the meeting on Friday evening. Mothers should interest themselves in it, having the right to be heard and to act. It should be a meeting whose numerical strength and earnestness of purpose will have a weight and influence which will be felt by the politicians. We know there is a very large sentiment in Omaha against a partisan school board, and if it can be brought together it cannot fail to make an impression. The failure of last year was largely due to an unfortunate anarchy on the part of many citizens whose sympathies were wholly with the non-partisan movement. There should be no such mistake this year, for if there is the difficulty of overthrowing next year the more strongly instructed politicians will be greatly increased. A united, firm and aggressive effort now by the friends of a non-partisan board can, we feel confident, be successful, and every consideration affecting the welfare of our schools urges that such effort be made.

MR. DEFEW is in a position to make the republican party some trouble, and if he is really so concerned for its future as he professes to be he will take himself out of that position before he goes to the national convention. There is no doubt he would like the presidential nomination, but he says he would not accept it if he should be of the opinion that his candidacy would lose the party votes. We unqualifiedly assure Mr. Dewart that it would lose the party hundreds of thousands of votes and several more sure republican states. If that is not his opinion now, and evidently it is not, no effort should be spared to convince him, if that be possible, before he goes to Chicago. He claims that Blaine would have had four hundred and six votes in the convention. Does Mr. Dewart hope to capture these votes, or will he attempt to do so? His nomination would be fatal to the republican party, perhaps a death blow, and while we can not suppose the representatives of the party capable of committing so grave a blunder, it would be reassuring to know that Mr. Dewart's opinion had taken the right direction in advance of the convention. If he will do himself the honor to consult the views of western and northwestern delegates who do not wear the collar of the railroad corporations he will have no trouble in reaching the conclusion that of all men possible his nomination would be most disastrous to the republican party.

The Wise Young Man.

It is the wisest thing a man can do to purchase his summer suit before buying pools on his favorite horse. A favorite racer is sometimes a great calamity.

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A new edition of the president's order against the pernicious activity of office-holders in politics is understood to be in preparation, the original issue being now out of print.

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A letter signed W. B. Tascott was found in a beer bottle picked up on the lake shore near Waukegan. But the only evidence that the signature is genuine is the fact that the bottle contained no beer.

Will 1890 Repeat Itself in 1888?

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She Started the Gresham Boom.

The latest addition to the stock of knowledge pertaining to the origin of the Gresham boom is furnished by a worthy old lady living in Indiana, who claims that when the youthful Walter Q. was only a few minutes old she said to his mother: "He's a fine boy, Mrs. Gresham, and may be president yet." This ought to end the controversy.

Hard Work and Plenty of It.

While the general outlook is favorable to every republican, it is our duty—the duty of every republican—to realize that the first will be a close and painful one. Republicans can win if they will. Hard work and thorough organization, with a full, fair and open discussion of the question of protection, are essential to success.

Poor "Little Phil."

Tens of thousands of Philadelphians who saw "Little Phil" ride at the head of the soldier boys on that breezy, bracing, sunny day during the constitutional centenary last September thought him robust enough to outlive the century. He sat on his horse splendidly, and bowed right and left many thousands times to many hundreds of thousands of people. But thus it is! Down he goes—big and little, great and small.

A Step Toward Free Trade.

Objection to the proposed reduction for the reason that "it is a step toward free trade." Any plan for the removal of burdens from the taxpayer is open to the same criticism. The opening of a new tunnel, the digging of a canal, the building of a railway, the removal of a bar at the harbor mouth,

ROYALTY.

Queen Elizabeth, Romanina is intensely musical, fond of dancing and has written a ballet. Kaiser Frederick said, in accepting honorary membership in the Academy of Legal Sciences, at Madrid: "The first task of the legislator is to propose equal rights for all." Prince Alfred Bell, son of King Bell, of Cameroon, has learned the trades of locksmith, joiner, and ship-builder, and is now studying and working in the machine shops of the North German Lloyds at Bremerhaven.

The car, according to Vanity Fair, is insane and requires the constant services of a guardian. The emperor of Brazil did not find time to call upon the pope during his stay in Rome, a circumstance that gave rise to considerable comment.

Prince Ferdinand, in a speech at a banquet in the hall of the Sobranje at Tirnova recently, said: "Here in this building I swore to lead Bulgaria to the goal marked out for her in history. I now repeat that oath."

Queen Louise, of Sweden, is threatened with a return of the cancerous trouble which nearly took her life a year ago. Queen Natalie takes such pride in her black, glossy hair that rather than hide it she wears it in an old-fashioned waterfall hanging down her back.

Lord Stanley, of Preston, Lord Lansdowne's successor as governor general of Canada, leaves England on June 4, for the Dominion. Isabella, ex-queen of the Spaniards, when she appears abroad wears a costume very much the same as that of a nun.

The officers of the Bordeaux garrison lately gave Mme. Carnot a handsome fan, and the president has sent them in return three splendid bronze groups which cost \$1,000.

The empress of Japan is taking lessons on the piano. The Mikado's fifty-seven physicians are giving him every attention. The late Admiral Sir William Hewitt was in 1862 one of the most successful blockade runners of the war. Sir William commanded the Lillan, a paddle steamer of immense speed, and managed to elude the vigilance of the federal blockade squadron on several trips between Wilmington, N. C., and Nassau, N. P. The Lillan was, however, at length captured, and Hewitt languished in a dungeon for many months.

Sir Provo Willis, the senior admiral of the British navy, is 100 years old. The sultan, contrary to Turkish custom, went into mourning with his whole court for Emperor William.

The Empress Eugenie will spend the summer at Osborne cottage, placed at her disposal by Queen Victoria. A new plot against King Milan of Serbia, comes to light nearly every day. He should have sent his hostile wife a handsome spring bonnet.

Count Tolstoi is the title and name of two distinguished Russians, and it is well to know that fact in view of suspicions of attempted violence to him of the opinion that his candidacy would lose the party votes. We unqualifiedly assure Mr. Dewart that it would lose the party hundreds of thousands of votes and several more sure republican states. If that is not his opinion now, and evidently it is not, no effort should be spared to convince him, if that be possible, before he goes to Chicago. He claims that Blaine would have had four hundred and six votes in the convention. Does Mr. Dewart hope to capture these votes, or will he attempt to do so? His nomination would be fatal to the republican party, perhaps a death blow, and while we can not suppose the representatives of the party capable of committing so grave a blunder, it would be reassuring to know that Mr. Dewart's opinion had taken the right direction in advance of the convention. If he will do himself the honor to consult the views of western and northwestern delegates who do not wear the collar of the railroad corporations he will have no trouble in reaching the conclusion that of all men possible his nomination would be most disastrous to the republican party.

Queen Olga of Greece is practical, dresses plain and even in her domestic economy, etc., even making her own bonnets, it is said. Dagnair of Russia, the princess of Wales' sister is said to be politically smart, but not intellectually otherwise. Like all her sisters she is clever with her needle, as they had to make their own clothes before their father got to be king.

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MR. SAMPTON OF OMAHA.

Its First Rendition Proves a Glimmering Success. A very large and brilliant assemblage of the very best of Omaha society gathered at Lloyd's opera house last evening to listen to the first rendition of the comic opera, "Mr. Sampson of Omaha." For the past few weeks local dramatic circles have eagerly awaited the opportunity of listening to this much talked of affair, and they by reason of the continuous reference made by the city press have anticipated a rare musical treat. They were not disappointed. The frequent and prolonged applause bestowed could be misconstrued. The opera was a great success.

The libretto in some minor points could be improved, but then what similar work could not! The musical portion, however, was as nearly perfect as could be, and reflects great credit upon the arrangers. The situations depicted are humorous in the extreme, and in every individual case brought the house down.

The work of the company was excellent and deserves special mention. Mrs. Martin Cahn as Margaret had a splendid opportunity of displaying her wonderful musical and dramatic talents, and her efforts were admirably acquitted herself as simply superb. Mrs. Cahn is gifted with a splendid voice, and has cultivated this talent to the highest degree, and her efforts were satisfactory in the extreme. While she last night sang in her wondrously sweet voice "Oh! let me sing the days of old," the vast audience saw that she was not only a singer, but a dramatic artist. At the close of the opera a momentary hush fell over the assembly, which a few seconds later turned into a perfect storm of applause, which continued until the fair musician responded. At the conclusion of the song she was presented with an elegant floral bouquet consisting of several baskets of very handsome flowers. Mrs. H. D. Estabrook as Teresa the young woman who is desperately in love with the King made a splendidly successful debut, and richly merited the frequent and hearty applause bestowed upon her. Her efforts were warmly appreciated, especially the dramatic artist, who displayed the floral tributes bestowed upon her by her many admirers were numerous and beautiful. While the construction of the opera did not admit of Miss Bertha's appearing as extensively as could be desired she too was a great favorite and performed her part with perfect grace and style, only surpassed by artistically first water. Mr. Sampson is stupendous and represents the average Omaha abroad to a dot. With his excellent and ability, and his slow for a lover. But no doubt he will improve in this respect as it is the only point which needs cultivating. Nat is a singer and a comedian, and his efforts were more than pleasing. Mr. Young as the King made an ideal monarch, especially so when the position in which he is placed over head and ears in doubt is considered. Mr. Estabrook makes an excellent prime minister, while Charles A. Deuel as the public executioner kept the audience in a state of laughter by his comical and chorus was especially good and did excellent work. The entire performance passed off with a style and ability that only a company with such painstaking care their instructors have trained them.

This is Mr. Sampson of Omaha from a local standpoint. When the opera is over it is a success throughout with one or two minor exceptions, and while the company presenting it were up to a high standard of excellence and ability, it must be remembered that it was an audience of Omaha before which it was presented last night. In this city Mr. Sampson of Omaha has never possibly for a number of years or three times a year with the introduction of some new features each successive time.

But the idea of taking it on the road is a present port of call. Mr. Sampson of Omaha is a popular and successful comedian in Kansas City it would in all probability be regarded as a nuisance, not because it possesses no merit; not because the people present would doubtless be completely satisfied with the object of the company, but for the reason that it would be regarded as a mere scheme to advertise Omaha. While such an object is commendable, the company would doubtless be completely satisfied with the object of the company, but for the reason that it would be regarded as a mere scheme to advertise Omaha. While such an object is commendable, the company would doubtless be completely satisfied with the object of the company, but for the reason that it would be regarded as a mere scheme to advertise Omaha.

TWO OF A KIND.

Washington Critic. Is there anything so fair On the land or in the air, As a sweet and pretty maid In a cool white dress arrayed? Eyes of color just to suit; Trim and little boot; Cheeks as pink as the sky, When the evening swallows fly; Golden curls, pinned with a star; Skin as white as lilies are. What a lovely girl so fair On the land or in the air! Yes there is, and it is this: Such another charming Miss.

STATE JOTTINGS.

Nebraska. The Superior Circle is a new paper from Nuckolls county. Two professional hole-in-the-wall men from Sioux City filled up with booze in Covington and were caught with razors. Nebraska City sports a homo minstrel company, composed of colored boys of the town. They threaten to take the road.

The Harlan County Press says that orders have been issued for the arrest of a man who has been charged with the murder of a man on the B. & M. branch from Orleans to Pueblo. On next Saturday, June 3, the Clysses and Lincoln will play a game of ball on the Clysses grounds, commencing at 1 o'clock.

The Centropolis World, published at Centropolis, Banner county, is the latest venture in the newspaper field. It starts off in a town that has no postoffice. The main building for the B. & M. shops, to be built at McCook, is now authoritatively stated to be 150,000 feet with two wings in addition, and when completed will employ 15,000 men.

There are at present employed in Lincoln, upon the Omaha and Missouri rivers, 1,000 workmen. The change which these workmen will make in the appearance of that city within a few weeks will be very great.

Banner contains almost the whole of the famous Pumpkin Seed valley and a large strip of rich table land bordering the valley on the north, containing the most fertile soil of land in western Nebraska and already has a population of at least five thousand.

The Lincoln Journal finds that "it has been discovered that a number of dairy cows in the western county are afflicted with a disease which may be transmitted to people who consume their milk. This will prove a great block in Omaha, where it is said to be customary to take milk on the side, instead of water or seltzer."

A railroad committee, selected from the Minden board of trade has recently investigated rumors concerning the Santa Fe road building into Nebraska, from Topeka, Kan. The committee found that the Santa Fe railroad had completed their line as far as Omaha, Kan., last year, and were ready to locate their route towards the Black Hills, that Red Cloud had already secured the road as far as the city and the line to the northwest. The Santa Fe system is one of the greatest systems of roads in the United States, and controlling and operating upwards of 7,000 miles of line, penetrating all the southern states and territories west of the Mississippi river, including California, and the great interior territory to the Gulf of Mexico, and accordingly the southwestern counties in the state are fighting hard to secure it.

Measles have struck Anta in a malignant form. Boat riding by moonlight is the pastime of the young people at Iowa Falls. Muscatine painters and carpenters say they will never build a new house. The colored people of Creston have arranged for a camp-meeting on the fair grounds at that place some time in June.

The board of supervisors of Humboldt county pays a bounty of five cents on striped, 5 cents on gray, and 10 cents on pocket poppers.

Colonel E. J. Woods, of Anamosa, succeeds as next in command, Colonel Milo Smith, of Clinton, as commander of the Eastern Iowa Veterans' association for the year 1888.

The revival meetings at Ida Grove, conducted by Dr. J. H. Groves, have been successful. About one hundred and fifty sinners have donated the sackcloth and ashes. A call has been issued from miners at Okaloosa for a state convention of miners to be held at the city of Des Moines, June 25 next, for the purpose of settling prices of mining coal throughout the state.

A man named Bill Shutt died at the Dallas county farm on May 31. He came from Illinois and was a ditcher. He left some money and a good watch. If any inquiries are made contact with Schaefer, Dallas Center, Dallas county, Iowa.

There is a dispute over the reward of \$50 offered by Dr. Baldwin, of Rutledge, for the finding of the body of his brother that was found in the river at Des Moines recently. One man claims all of the reward and four others are trying for a share. The merits of the case are being tried in court.

The Masonic Grand Lodge of Iowa will convene in Cedar Rapids Tuesday, June 5, at 10 a. m. The custodians of the work will hold a three day school of instruction prior to the opening of the Grand Lodge. The senior warden, Past Grand Master George B. Van Saun, of Cedar Falls, assisted by Past Grand Master Charles F. Grainger, of Ankeny, will have charge of the school of instruction.

A meeting of the general managers of the Northwestern Trade association was held at Chairman Blanchard's office in Chicago Tuesday to take action on a proposition to reduce rates on dressed beef from Chicago to the seaboard. It resulted in nothing. All were unanimous in the expression that rates must be reduced, but were unwilling to commit themselves to this extent. It was decided that the matter stands and in all probabilities each line will make rates to suit themselves.

It is very singular that roads from Missouri river points to Chicago never have any difficulty of this kind.

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But the idea of taking it on the road is a present port of call. Mr. Sampson of Omaha is a popular and successful comedian in Kansas City it would in all probability be regarded as a nuisance, not because it possesses no merit; not because the people present would doubtless be completely satisfied with the object of the company, but for the reason that it would be regarded as a mere scheme to advertise Omaha. While such an object is commendable, the company would doubtless be completely satisfied with the object of the company, but for the reason that it would be regarded as a mere scheme to advertise Omaha.

TWO OF A KIND.

Washington Critic. Is there anything so fair On the land or in the air, As a sweet and pretty maid In a cool white dress arrayed? Eyes of color just to suit; Trim and little boot; Cheeks as pink as the sky, When the evening swallows fly; Golden curls, pinned with a star; Skin as white as lilies are. What a lovely girl so fair On the land or in the air! Yes there is, and it is this: Such another charming Miss.

STATE JOTTINGS.

Nebraska. The Superior Circle is a new paper from Nuckolls county. Two professional hole-in-the-wall men from Sioux City filled up with booze in Covington and were caught with razors. Nebraska City sports a homo minstrel company, composed of colored boys of the town. They threaten to take the road.

The Harlan County Press says that orders have been issued for the arrest of a man who has been charged with the murder of a man on the B. & M. branch from Orleans to Pueblo. On next Saturday, June 3, the Clysses and Lincoln will play a game of ball on the Clysses grounds, commencing at 1 o'clock.

The Centropolis World, published at Centropolis, Banner county, is the latest venture in the newspaper field. It starts off in a town that has no postoffice. The main building for the B. & M. shops, to be built at McCook, is now authoritatively stated to be 150,000 feet with two wings in addition, and when completed will employ 15,000 men.

There are at present employed in Lincoln, upon the Omaha and Missouri rivers, 1,000 workmen. The change which these workmen will make in the appearance of that city within a few weeks will be very great.

Banner contains almost the whole of the famous Pumpkin Seed valley and a large strip of rich table land bordering the valley on the north, containing the most fertile soil of land in western Nebraska and already has a population of at least five thousand.

The Lincoln Journal finds that "it has been discovered that a number of dairy cows in the western county are afflicted with a disease which may be transmitted to people who consume their milk. This will prove a great block in Omaha, where it is said to be customary to take milk on the side, instead of water or seltzer."

A railroad committee, selected from the Minden board of trade has recently investigated rumors concerning the Santa Fe road building into Nebraska, from Topeka, Kan. The committee found that the Santa Fe railroad had completed their line as far as Omaha, Kan., last year, and were ready to locate their route towards the Black Hills, that Red Cloud had already secured the road as far as the city and the line to the northwest. The Santa Fe system is one of the greatest systems of roads in the United States, and controlling and operating upwards of 7,000 miles of line, penetrating all the southern states and territories west of the Mississippi river, including California, and the great interior territory to the Gulf of Mexico, and accordingly the southwestern counties in the state are fighting hard to secure it.

Measles have struck Anta in a malignant form. Boat riding by moonlight is the pastime of the young people at Iowa Falls. Muscatine painters and carpenters say they will never build a new house. The colored people of Creston have arranged for a camp-meeting on